



## COURSE DESCRIPTION CARD - SYLLABUS

Course name

Ubiquitous systems and applications

### Course

Field of study

Year/Semester

Computing

3/6

Area of study (specialization)

Profile of study

general academic

Level of study

Course offered in

First-cycle studies

Polish

Form of study

Requirements

part-time

elective

### Number of hours

Lecture

Laboratory classes

Other (e.g. online)

16

16

Tutorials

Projects/seminars

### Number of credit points

3

### Lecturers

Responsible for the course/lecturer:

Responsible for the course/lecturer:

Bartłomiej Prędko, PhD.

### Prerequisites

Student should have knowledge concerning the way the computer works, imperative programming (obtained in earlier courses) and the basics of computer networks. Should be able to solve basic problems in computing, especially in user interface design and application of specific algorithms. Student should understand the need to expand his competence and be ready to partake in group activities.

Besides, student should have basic social competence like honesty, responsibility, persistence, curiosity and creativity, respect for others.

### Course objective

1. Students should obtain knowledge concerning the history of mobile and ubiquitous computer systems.
2. Students should be able to design and programme the ubiquitous system and process data in cloud.
3. Students should have knowledge about different forms of wireless communication.
4. Students should enhance their ability to work in teams.



### Course-related learning outcomes

#### Knowledge

1. Student has a structured and well grounded knowledge of ubiquitous systems.
2. Student has knowledge of current developments in ubiquitous systems.
3. Student knows basic techniques, methods and tools used to solve problems associated with ubiquitous systems.
4. Student has a structured knowledge of computer architectures and operating systems.

#### Skills

1. Student can search for information concerning ubiquitous systems in literature, data bases and other sources (in Polish and English languages), integrate it and formulate opinion.
2. Student is able to use information-communication techniques while solving problems in system design, especially in ubiquitous systems.
3. Student is able to choose and apply adequate methods considering ubiquitous systems.
4. Student can design an ubiquitous system, choose an appropriate programming language and methodology.
5. Student can formulate algorithms and implement them using one of the ubiquitous associated languages.
6. Student can plan his/her own development and can see need for constant discovery of new knowledge.

#### Social competences

1. Student knows, that skills and knowledge can quickly become obsolete.
2. Student is aware of knowledge importance in solving of engineering problems and knows the dangers of bad design and computer system malfunctions.

### Methods for verifying learning outcomes and assessment criteria

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

Presented outcomes are verified as follows:

Forming degree:

- a) on lectures - based on the answers concerning material presented on previous lectures;
- b) on laboratories - based on the fulfillment of current tasks,

Summary degree:

- verification of skills used in laboratory exercises,



- constant verification in classes - verification of knowledge and skill acquisition,
- written test consisting of 10-15 questions; to pass the test student has to obtain at least 50% of correct answers.

Additional point obtained in classes, especially:

- demonstration of interesting extracurricular competences,
- presentation of additional problem aspects,
- doing a presentation on interesting subject concerning ubiquitous systems,
- efficacy of obtained knowledge use while solving a problem,
- ability to work in team,
- useful remarks concerning teaching materials.

### Programme content

Following subjects are presented on lectures:

- programming for Android
- basics of Kotlin language,
- programming for iOS and iPadOS using Swift and Objective-C,
- programming using different API's,
- programming in common platform tools, e.g. Xamarin,
- using Cloud services,
- wireless communication,
- data exchange protocols, e.g. JSON, REST,
- In laboratories student are trying to solve in practice tasks presented in lectures as a series of mini projects spanning single to several classes.

### Teaching methods

1. Lecture: multimedia presentation, discussion, demonstration.
2. Laboratories: doing tasks, team work, design and implementation of sample problems.

### Bibliography



Basic

1. iOS 5: programowanie: receptury / Vandad Nahavandipoor ; [tł.: Robert Górczyński], Helion 2013.
2. Tworzenie aplikacji na platformę iOS 5 : z wykorzystaniem Xcode, Interface Builder, Instruments, GDB oraz innych kluczowych narzędzi, Brandon Alexander, J. Bradford Dillon, Kevin Y. Kim, Helion, 2012
3. Objective-C : praktyczny podręcznik tworzenia aplikacji na systemy iOS i Mac OS X!, Stephen G. Kochan, Helion 2012
4. Podstawy języka Swift: programowanie aplikacji dla platformy iOS / Mark A. Lassoﬀ &#38;#38;#38; Tom Stachowitz, Helion 2016
5. Service design patterns: fundamental design solutions for SOAP/WSDL and RESTful Web services, Robert Daigneau, Addison-Wesley, 2012
6. Inteligentny dom: automatyzacja mieszkania za pomocą platformy Arduino, systemu Android i zwykłego komputera / Mike Riley, Helion 2013
7. Android : programowanie aplikacji / Dawn Griffiths, David Griffiths, Helion 2016

Additional

1. The Swift Programming Language 3.1, Apple Inc., 2017
2. Using Swift with Cocoa and Objective-C, Apple Inc., 2014

**Breakdown of average student's workload**

	Hours	ECTS
Total workload	75	3,0
Classes requiring direct contact with the teacher	32	1,5
Student's own work (literature studies, preparation for laboratory classes/tutorials, preparation for tests/exam, project preparation) <sup>1</sup>	43	1,5

<sup>1</sup> delete or add other activities as appropriate